

**NOMINATION OF CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION
AT THE ANNUAL PAROCHIAL CHURCH MEETING**

PARISH OF

Candidates for election as parochial representatives of the laity on the parochial church council ('PCC') or deanery synod must be nominated and seconded by persons whose names are on the church electoral roll of the parish. Candidates may be nominated and seconded either before the meeting in writing or at the meeting. Notes on qualifications for election follow overleaf.

We the undersigned, being members of the church electoral roll of this parish, hereby nominate

Full name

Address

.....

as a candidate for election to the PCC at the annual parochial church meeting to be held on

.....

Proposer's signature

Proposer's full name

Proposer's address

.....

Seconded's signature

Seconded's full name

Seconded's address

.....

I, the above-named, declare that I am a communicant of 16 years or over and not disqualified (see notes overleaf), and that if elected, I consent to serve.

Nominee's signature

Notes on qualifications for election

Under rule 10 of the Church Representation Rules ('CRR'), nominees must be at least sixteen years of age and actual communicants (i.e. having received communion according to the use of the Church of England or of a Church in communion with the Church of England at least three times in the preceding twelve months).

Nominees must also have been on the church electoral roll of the parish for not less than six months, except in the case of those under the age of eighteen at the date of the election.

In addition, no one may be nominated unless they have signified their consent to serve, or there is in the opinion of the annual parochial church meeting sufficient evidence of their consent.

General disqualifications

Under CRR rule 46A, a person shall be disqualified from being nominated, chosen or elected or from serving as a churchwarden, a member of a PCC, a district church council or any Church of England synod if they are disqualified from being a charity trustee under section 178 of the Charities Act 2011 and the disqualification is not for the time being subject under section 181 of that Act either to a general waiver by the Charity Commission or to a waiver in respect of all ecclesiastical charities established for purposes relating to the parish concerned, "ecclesiastical charity" having the same meaning as that assigned to the expression in the Local Government Act 1894.

A person shall also be disqualified from being nominated, chosen or elected or from serving as a churchwarden or member of a PCC if they have been disqualified from holding office under section 10(6) of the Incumbents (Vacation of Benefices) Measure 1977.

Term of office of elected lay representatives on PCCs

Under CRR rule 16(1), the term of office of lay representatives elected to the PCC is by default three years, running from the conclusion of the annual meeting at which they are elected to the conclusion of the third annual meeting thereafter, a third to retire each year.

Under CRR rule 16(3), the default term of office may be varied only by the annual parochial church meeting deciding that all elected lay representatives should serve for one year at a time. Such a decision will not affect the term of office of existing representatives, and it must be reviewed by the annual meeting at least once every six years.

Unless the annual parochial church meeting decides otherwise under CRR rule 17, there is no limit to the number of terms elected lay representatives may serve on the PCC.